Name:_____

Advanced Algebra with Trig

Preview: Murder Most Fowl

Newton's Law of Cooling

Newton's Law of Cooling loosely states that the temperature of an object that is cooling can be modeled by an exponential equation of the form

$$T - T_R = (T_O - T_R) \cdot e^{-rt}$$

Where:

- *T* is the *final* temperature of the object
- T_0 is the *initial* temperature of the object
- T_R is the *surrounding room* temperature
- r is the rate of cooling
- t is the time (in hours) that the object has been cooling

At 3:00 PM, a park ranger discovered a bald eagle that had been impaled by an arrow. Only two archers were found in the region. The first archer is able to establish that, between 11:00 AM and 1:00 PM, he was in a nearby diner having lunch. The second archer can show that he in camp with friends between 9:00 AM and 11:00 AM. The air temperature in the park has remained at a constant 62 degrees F all morning. Beginning at 3:00 PM, the temperature of the dead eagle was measured. Here is the data.

	Temperature
Time	(Fahrenheit)
3:00 PM	88.83
4:00 PM	86.42
5:00 PM	84.22
6:00 PM	82.22
7:00 PM	80.40
8:00 PM	78.74

$$T_{R}=62$$
 $t=?$
 $T_{0}=105$
 $r=-0.0943$
 $T=78.74@8pm$

This data, together with the fact that the body temperature of a living bald eagle is 105°, exonerates one of the archers, but the other may remain suspect. Use the equation $T - T_R = (T_0 - T_R)e^{-0.0943t}$ to

establish the time of the eagle's death. Which archer's innocence is established? Include in your explanation: your model for the temperature difference and your estimate of the time of death of the eagle.

Tature difference and your estimate of the time of death of the eagle.

$$78.74 - 62 = (105 - 62)e^{-0.0943t}$$

$$\underline{16.74} = 43(e^{-0.0943t})$$

$$\underline{43}$$

~ . nam . 1/0

2000 - p - . 0943t

t=10

So the eagle hours

was shot 8pm

before 8pm