

## 8.6 Solving by Cross Multiplying

Refresh!

$$\textcircled{1} \frac{3}{x} = \frac{2}{9}$$

$$2x = 27$$

$$x = \frac{27}{2}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \frac{x}{4} = \frac{5}{16}$$

$$16x = 20$$

$$x = \frac{20}{16}$$

$$x = \frac{5}{4}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \frac{15}{2} = \frac{x}{3}$$

$$2x = 45$$

$$x = \frac{45}{2}$$

Onto Rationals!

$$\textcircled{4} \frac{3}{x+1} = \frac{9}{4x+5}$$

$$3(4x+5) = 9(x+1)$$

$$12x + 15 = 9x + 9$$

$$3x = -6$$

$$x = -2$$

$$\textcircled{5} \frac{-4}{x+3} = \frac{5}{x-3}$$

$$-4(x-3) = 5(x+3)$$

$$-4x + 12 = 5x + 15$$

$$-9x = 3$$

$$x = -\frac{1}{3}$$

$$\textcircled{6} \frac{x-3}{x+5} = \frac{x}{x+2}$$

$$(x-3)(x+2) = x(x+5)$$

$$x^2 - x - 6 = x^2 + 5x$$

$$-6 = 6x$$

$$x = -1$$

$$\textcircled{7} \frac{4(x-4)}{x^2+2x-8} = \frac{4}{x+4}$$

$$(4x-16)(x+4) = 4(x^2+2x-8)$$

$$4x^2 - 64 = 4x^2 + 8x - 32$$

$$-5x = 8x$$

$$-x = x$$

No solution

extraneous!  
(creates a zero in the denominator!)