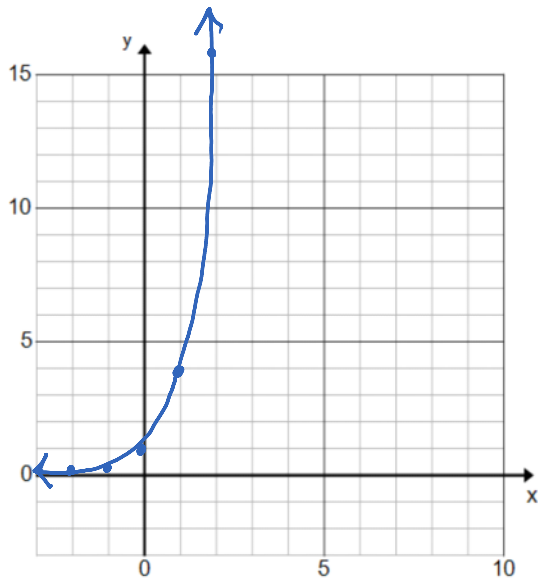


Algebra H  
8.5-8.6 Review Day 1 HWName: *key*  
Period:

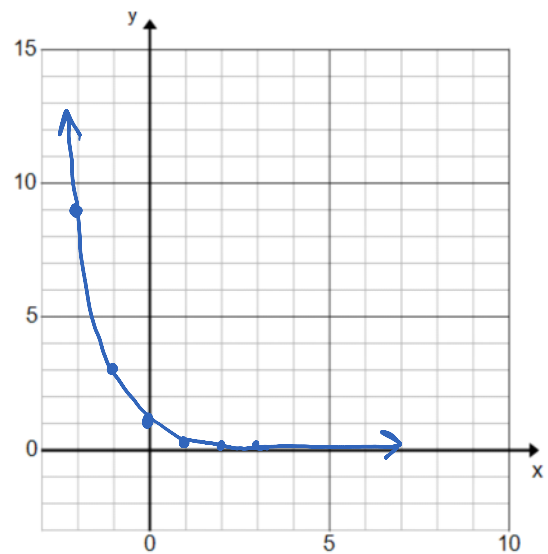
1.  $y = 4^x$

x	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y	$\frac{1}{16}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	1	4	16	64



2.  $y = \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^x$

x	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y	9	3	1	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{9}$	$\frac{1}{27}$



Determine if each of the following represents exponential GROWTH or DECAY

3)  $y = 3^x$

*G*

4)  $y = \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^x$

*D*

5)  $y = (3.3)^x + 8$

*G*

6)  $y = \left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^{x+3} - 9$

*D*

7)  $y = \left(\frac{9}{4}\right)^x$

*G*

8)  $y = \left(\frac{10}{9}\right)^{-x} \approx \left(\frac{9}{10}\right)^x$

*D*

9)  $y = (2)^{-x} + 3$   
 $\approx \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^x + 3$

*D*

10)  $y = (1.01)^x - 3$

*G*

Linear or exponential? Decide if the equation is linear or exponential and then write an equation that represents the "rule" for the table:

11.

x	-1	0	1	2	3	4
y	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	2	4	8

$+1$   $+1$   $+1$   $+1$   $+1$   
 $\times 2$   $\times 2$   $\times 2$   $\times 2$   $\times 2$

exponential growth  
 $y = \frac{1}{2}(2)^x$

12.

x	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y	32	16	8	4	2	1

$\times \frac{1}{2}$

exp. decay  
 $y = 8\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^x$

13.

x	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y	1	4	16	64	256	1024

$\times 4$

exp. growth  
 $y = 16(4)^x$

14.

x	0	1	2	3	4	5
y	2	4	6	8	10	12

$+2$   $+2$

linear  
 $y = 2x + 2$

15.

x	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y	162	54	18	6	2	$\frac{2}{3}$

$\times \frac{1}{3}$

16.

x	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y	-5	-9	-13	-17	-21	-25

$-4$   $-4$

∪ ∪ ∪ ∪ ∪  
 $x \frac{1}{3}$

exp. decay  
 $y = 18\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^x$

-4 -4

Linear  
 $y = -4x - 13$