14.2 Shifting Trig Graphs

y = a sinb(x-h) + k & y = a cosb(x-h) + k

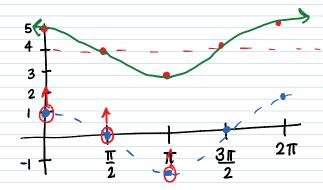
amplitude a

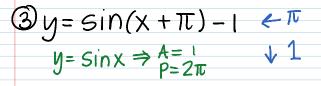
period: 2TL

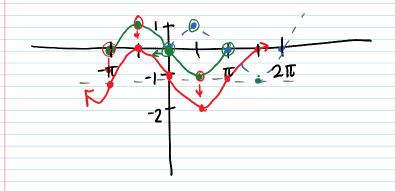
Shifts:

- ·+K ⇒ Shifting 1 K
- ·-K ⇒ shifting V K
- · X-h > Shift > h
- · X+h ⇒Shift ← h

Graph:



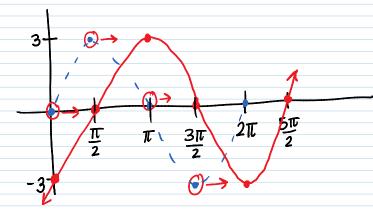


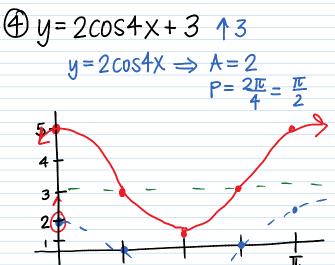


$$2y=3\sin(x-\frac{\pi}{2}) \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$y=3\sin x \Rightarrow A=3$$

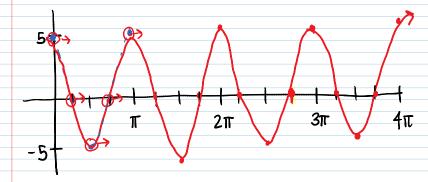
$$P=2\pi=2\pi$$





-24

$$y = 4\sin\frac{1}{3}(x + \frac{\pi}{2})$$



$$y = COSX$$

$$\frac{\pi}{2} \pi \frac{3\pi}{2} 2\pi$$

$$y = Sin(X - \frac{\pi}{2})$$

$$y = cos 2(x + \pi) + 1 + 1$$

 $y = cos 2x$
 $x = 1 - 2\pi$

