Fishing spiders can propel themselves across water and leap vertically from the surface of the water. During a vertical jump, the height of the body of the spider can be modeled by the function $y = -4500x^2 + 820x + 43$ where x is the duration (in seconds) of the jump and y is the height (in millimeters) of the spider above the surface of the water. After how many seconds does the spider's body reach its maximum height? What is the maximum height?

$$X = -\frac{820}{2(-4500)} = .0911sec \qquad y = -\frac{4500(.0911)^2}{820(.0911) + 43} = \frac{80.36}{100} mm$$